FY 2004-05 Expenditures (\$000s)

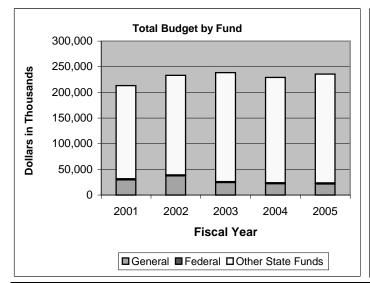
	General Fund	Other Funds	Total
2003 Funding Level	44,632	443,236	487,868
Biennial Appropriations	2,188	0	2,188
Legislatively Mandated Base	2,642	-526	2,116
Transfers Between Agencies	-1,100	-684	-1,784
Adjusted Base Funding	48,362	442,026	490,388
Change Items			
Admin Budget Reduction Plan	-3,926	-249	-4,175
Admin Grant Budget Reductions	-1,916	0	-1,916
Intertechnologies Group - Budget Reduct	0	-8,030	-8,030
LCMR Recommendations	0	519	519
Plant Mgmt Leases - Budget Reduction	0	-6,192	-6,192
Relocation Funding	500	0	500
Transfer 1/2 FR & R Funding to Gen'l Fund	0	-6,600	-6,600
Transfer in CAAPB Functions	524	0	524
Governor's Recommendations	43,544	421,474	465,018
Biennial Change, 2002-03 to 2004-05	-18,162	11,479	-6,683
Percent Change	-29%	3%	-1%

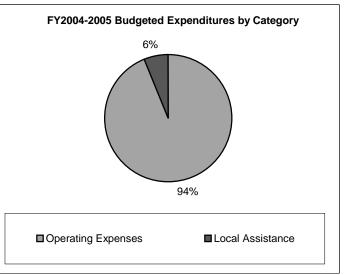
Brief Explanation Of Budget Decisions:

- ⇒ Under current law, the base for Public Broadcasting is available in either year, and in FY 2002-03 it was spent in the first year. The \$2.188 million "Biennial Appropriations" base adjustment was used to bring the FY 2004-05 funding level to the base appropriated level.
- ⇒ The Laws of 2001 provided \$2.180 million to increase the base funding in FY 2004-05 of the Office of Technology and other agencies. A transfer of \$1.080 million will be made from this appropriation to Administration's Office of Technology to increase base funding for technology analyst positions. A transfer of \$600,000 will be made from this appropriation to the Department of Revenue for operational costs related to the income tax re-engineering project. In addition, \$500,000 will be transferred for Small Agency Infrastructure (SAI) projects to the Capitol Area Architectural and Planning Board, the Architecture and Engineering Board, the Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board, the Mediation Services Bureau, the Minnesota Racing Commission, the Sentencing Guidelines Commission, the Department of Veterans Affairs, and the Lawful Gambling Control Board, as reflected in each agency's budget.
- ⇒ Legislatively mandated base funding levels for the biennium result in a net partial restoration of \$462,000 to the agency's base. The Governor recommends eliminating this restoration through the change item reductions.

(Note: General Funds in the above table include appropriations for legislative in-lieu of rent and grants for Public Broadcasting.)

3/12/2003





Dollars in Thousands						
	Actual	Actual	Preliminary	Govern	or's Rec	Biennium
Expenditures by Fund	FY2001	FY2002	FY2003	FY2004	FY2005	2004-05
Direct Appropriations						
General	29,621	37,491	24,215	22,022	21,522	43,544
Special Revenue	0	0	0	519	0	519
Statutory Appropriations						
General	44	0	0	0	0	0
State Government Special Revenue	22,343	23,076	30,192	29,281	32,881	62,162
Special Revenue	4,883	6,684	13,859	8,893	8,793	17,686
Federal	1,704	1,477	1,726	1,705	1,717	3,422
Risk Management	7,034	9,586	10,898	11,303	12,658	23,961
Miscellaneous Agency	10,435	9,917	11,100	11,100	11,103	22,203
Gift	155	131	38	77	64	141
Plant Management	24,791	26,155	25,920	25,551	25,800	51,351
Documents And Publications	2,306	1,873	1,949	1,980	2,061	4,041
Micrographics	1,295	1,336	1,284	1,359	1,380	2,739
Management Analysis	1,078	984	1,051	1,091	1,151	2,242
Central Motor Pool	13,060	14,021	12,862	13,104	13,292	26,396
State Printer	6,710	4,928	4,599	5,122	5,286	10,408
Central Stores	8,319	7,651	7,869	7,897	7,939	15,836
Materials Distribution	4,272	5,415	5,745	4,969	5,459	10,428
Intertechnologies	74,460	81,640	84,563	82,456	83,979	166,435
Central Mailing	760	765	701	738	766	1,504
Total	213,270	233,130	238,571	229,167	235,851	465,018
						<u> </u>
Expenditures by Category						
Operating Expenses	198,076	207,198	222,385	213,442	217,338	430,780
Capital Outlay & Real Property	1,756	584	638	634	638	1,272
Payments To Individuals	0	5	0	0	0	0
Local Assistance	11,078	21,551	12,548	12,906	15,475	28,381
Other Financial Transactions	2,360	3,792	3,000	2,185	2,400	4,585
Total	213,270	233,130	238,571	229,167	235,851	465,018

Dollars in Thousands						
	Actual	Actual	Preliminary	Governo	or's Rec	Biennium
Expenditures by Program	FY2001	FY2002	FY2003	FY2004	FY2005	2004-05
Operations Management Bureau	58,566	58,702	59,982	60,277	62,646	122,923
Office Of Technology	3,434	4,668	3,306	2,669	2,614	5,283
Intertechnologies Group	95,471	100,716	109,033	105,097	110,021	215,118
Facilities Management	37,728	40,454	47,470	42,846	42,671	85,517
Management Services	8,298	7,666	7,642	7,578	7,738	15,316
Fiscal Agent	9,773	20,924	11,138	10,700	10,161	20,861
Total	213,270	233,130	238,571	229,167	235,851	465,018
Revenue by Type and Fund						
Non Dedicated General	332	174	119	121	121	242
Subtotal Non Dedicated	332	174	119	121	121	242
Dedicated						
State Government Special Revenue	22,728	21,994	27,323	29,258	31,182	60,440
Special Revenue	4,938	5,494	4,402	4,331	4,531	8,862
Federal	1,472	1,467	1,669	1,705	1,717	3,422
Risk Management	8,532	9,037	11,049	12,064	13,369	25,433
Miscellaneous Agency	10,389	10,119	11,100	11,100	11,103	22,203
Gift	152	115	22	56	35	91
Plant Management	38,412	40,927	38,209	41,106	41,398	82,504
Documents And Publications	2,308	1,912	1,986	2,009	2,069	4,078
Micrographics	1,373	1,206	1,314	1,401	1,401	2,802
Management Analysis	1,086	1,061	1,050	1,091	1,150	2,241
Central Motor Pool	12,181	13,478	14,572	14,857	15,690	30,547
State Printer	5,846	4,472	4,981	5,130	5,284	10,414
Central Stores	8,498	7,706	7,902	7,902	7,902	15,804
Materials Distribution	4,732	5,655	5,685	5,420	5,542	10,962
Intertechnologies	76,367	73,243	83,219	80,581	82,528	163,109
Central Mailing	782	786	767	807	802	1,609
Subtotal Dedicated	199,796	198,672	215,250	218,818	225,703	444,521
Total Revenue	200,128	198,846	215,369	218,939	225,824	444,763

Full-Time Equivalents (FTE) 912.5 901.5 927.4 872.4 866.9

Change Item: ADMIN GRANT BUDGET REDUCTIONS

Fiscal Impact (\$000s)	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007
General Fund Expenditures	(\$958)	(\$958)	(\$958)	(\$958)
Revenues Other Fund	U	Ü	U	0
Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Net Fiscal Impact	(\$958)	(\$958)	(\$958)	(\$958)

Recommendation

The Governor recommends a General Fund appropriation of \$2.04 million each year for Public Broadcasting grants. The Governor also recommends elimination of the \$2,000 annual line item for the Minnesota State Band. He recommends that these entities seek efficiencies in their operations or secure additional private, non-state funding for continued operation.

NOTE: This recommendation incorporates a supplemental budget change. The recommended annual reduction has been increased from minus \$759,000 to minus \$958,000.

Background

Public broadcasting is the grant administration program carried out for the legislature under specific appropriation language and M.S.129D.11-16. The program oversees this grant authority, disbursing funds in accordance with legislative appropriations and direction, and ensures compliance with all statutory requirements and criteria.

Public Television:

State funds are used by six recipient stations to sustain their ability to serve as a major community resource providing educational, cultural, economic development, public affairs, and children's programming to the public, governmental agencies, nonprofit organizations, business corporations, and educational facilities. State grants are made in a direct and matching basis, consistent with the criteria established in M.S. 129D.11-16. Public Television signals cover approximately 98% of the state.

Public Radio:

State funds are used to support 12 public radio (AMPERS) stations that serve Minnesota residents through radio programming that is noncommercial, cultural, informational, ethnic, and educational in nature. It is programming designed to appeal to audiences not generally served by commercial broadcasters. Operational and equipment grants are made pursuant to criteria listed in M.S. 192D.11-16. The AMPERS stations cover approximately 95% of the population, and 80% of the geography of the state. State grants provide between two, and 60% of the individual stations total annual budget.

State funds are appropriated for an equipment grant to Minnesota Public Radio (MPR), a network of 31 stations providing local, regional, national, and international news, information programming, and classical music programming to listeners throughout the state and region. These state funds represent approximately 12% of MPR's FY 2002-03 capital budget.

Twin Cities Regional Cable Channel:

State funds are used to provide grant-in-aid to Twin Cities Regional Cable Channel, Inc., a nonprofit organization operating the Metro Cable Network. These funds provide for approximately 5% of the Metro Cable Network operating budget. The network appears on Channel 6 on all metropolitan area cable systems presenting a wide range of programs about issues and activities of regional interest and significance as mandated by state statutes and designated by the Minnesota Cable Communications Board in 1985.

Legislative Television:

An additional appropriation is included in Public Broadcasting for Legislative Television. Funding is in the form of a grant for public information television transmissions of legislative activities. Senate Media Services and House Television programming raises public awareness of state issues, legislative activities, and state capitol events.

Change Item: ADMIN GRANT BUDGET REDUCTIONS

Programming consists of live and taped coverage of senate and house floor sessions, select committee hearings, issue-oriented press conferences, public affairs programming, short documentaries, and civic-education programs. For the 2002-2003 Legislative sessions, up to 3,298 hours of programming will be broadcast through two separate agreements. The legislature oversees this grant.

The Minnesota State Band:

The Minnesota State Band is a volunteer band performing events free and open to the public. The band has received state funding since its founding in 1898. The band has about 65 volunteer members and conducts about 10 public performances annually. These funds are used for travel, postage, music, equipment repair and replacement, and other operational costs of the band.

Relationship to Base Budget

This recommendation represents an overall 30% reduction in the grants to Public Broadcasting. The current FY 2004 annual base budget for these grants is \$3.197 million. The annual reduction would be allocated as follows:

♦	Public Television	less 30%	(\$590,000)
♦	Public Radio-AMPERS	less 20%	(\$78,000)
•	Public Radio-MPR	less 50%	(\$196,000)
•	Twin City Cable	less 30%	(\$7,000)
♦	Legislative Television	less 20%	(\$85,000)

This proposal would eliminate state funding for the Minnesota State Band. In FY 2002-03 they were appropriated \$2,000 in state funds each year.

Statutory Change: Not Applicable

Change Item: TRANSFER FACILITY FUNDING TO GENERAL FUND

Preliminary Proposal

Fiscal Impact (\$000s)	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007
General Fund	<u>.</u>			
Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Revenues (Transfer In)	\$3,300	\$3,300	\$3,300	\$3,300
Other Fund				
Expenditures	(3,300)	(3,300)	(3,300)	(3,300)
Revenues	Ó) O	0) O
Net Fiscal Impact	(\$6,600)	(\$6,600)	(\$6,600)	(\$6,600)

Recommendation

The Governor recommends a 50 percent reduction in expenditures for the Facilities Repair and Replacement (FR&R) account, with the savings being transferred to the General Fund. These funds represent building depreciation and selected bond interest collected by the Department of Administration's (Admin) Plant Management Division (PMD) through lease payments from state agencies and are currently used for asset preservation projects on the 22 buildings under the custodial control of Admin.

Background

Prior to 1997, all funds collected by Admin for depreciation and bond interest were deposited in the General Fund. In 1997, the legislature authorized Admin to use CAPRA and statewide building access (ADA) depreciation and bond interest dollars recovered through rent for asset preservation projects. In 1999, the legislature expanded these provisions to allow Admin to use depreciation dollars stemming from projects funded with general obligation bonds and collected through leases for both asset preservation and facility improvement projects effective July 1, 2001. This initiative would take half of these funds and return them to the General Fund.

The proposed change would take place in FY2004, and would be considered permanent. With the loss of these funds, Admin would look for other sources of money to preserve the 3.7 gross million square feet in the State Capitol and other buildings on the complex, and would make capital budget requests for asset preservation funding beginning in FY2004.

Relationship to Base Budget

Currently, PMD collects approximately \$6.6 million dollars annually from leases for the FR&R account.

Key Measures

The reduction of \$3.3 million would reduce the ability of PMD to maintain the buildings on the Capitol Complex and would delay some asset preservation projects on buildings under the custodial control of Admin. Projects currently supported by this account include:

- Replacement of the Administration Building and Centennial Office Building (COB) Roofs
- ♦ Mechanical upgrades in the COB
- Abatement of asbestos in the Veterans Service Building will start using FY03 funding. Additional funding in FY04 and FY05 will be required, and may be part of an asset preservation capital budget request.

Alternatives Considered

The Governor is recommending only reducing FR&R funding by one-half in order to mitigate future problems with deferred maintenance of the state's assets.

Statutory Change: 16B.24Subd. 5(e)

FINANCE DEPT Budget in Brief

FY 2004-05 Expenditures (\$000s)

	General Fund	Other Funds	Total
2003 Funding Level	35,542	15,040	50,582
Legislatively Mandated Base	260	0	260
Adjusted Base Funding	35,802	15,040	50,842
Change Items			
Operating Budget Reduction	-5,370	0	-5,370
Reduce Statewide Systems Billing	0	-1,334	-1,334
Governor's Recommendations	30,432	13,706	44,138
Biennial Change, 2002-03 to 2004-05 Percent Change	-2,971 -9%	-6,367 -32%	-9,338 -17%

Brief Description of Budget Changes:

The General Fund change of -9% is a result of the recommended operating budget reduction. Two legislatively mandated base adjustments are also reflected above. The first reduces the department's base by \$180,000 to account for savings from DOF assuming the State Treasurer's duties. The second restores a \$440,000 one-time reduction adopted in FY 03. Other Fund expenditures and revenues also declined because of 1) completion of the SEMA4 upgrade, and 2) reduced statewide systems billing.

FY 2004-05 Revenues (\$000s)

	15,040	15,040
	(1,334)	(1,334)
30*	13,706	13,766
n.a. n.a.	(1,334) (9%)	(1,334) (9%)
1	.a.	.a. (1,334)

Finance Non-Operating Accounts:

The Governor is also recommending several changes related to the Finance Non-Operating accounts.

FY 2004-05 Expenditures (\$000s)

	F † 2004-05 Expenditures (\$000s)							
	General Fund	Other Funds	Total	Change from FY 2002-03				
Governor's Recommendations:								
G.O. Debt Service Contingent Accounts Tort Claims	664,939 5,000 322	0 1,750 1,200	664,939 6,750 1,522	105,783 5,000 (259)				

FINANCE DEPT (NON-OPERATING)

Change Item: DEBT SERVICE SAVINGS/NO 2003 CAPITAL BUDGET

Fiscal Impact (\$000s)	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007
General Fund				
Expenditures	(\$1,479)	(\$7,146)	(\$7,293)	(\$8,726)
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Other Fund				
Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Net Fiscal Impact	(\$1,479)	(\$7,146)	(\$7,293)	(\$8,726)

Recommendation

The Governor is not recommending an emergency capital budget for general obligation projects in the 2003 session. This will result in savings of \$8,625,000 in FY 2004-05 by reducing the forecasted General Fund debt service transfer from \$673,564,000 to \$664,939,000.

Background

The debt service account pays principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt. On December 1 of each year, the commissioner of Finance must transfer to the Debt Service Fund an amount sufficient (with balance on hand and interest income) to pay all principal and interest on bonds due in the following 19 months. The Minnesota Constitution requires the state auditor to annually levy a statewide property tax sufficient to pay debt service through this 19-month period. Historically, the legislature has made specific debt service appropriations to the commissioner of Finance in order to eliminate the need for levying the statewide property tax.

Due to the inordinate size of the state's budget problem, the Governor is not recommending an emergency capital budget in order to provide budget savings in the General Fund. Based on a rolling, 10-year average, the November Forecast projected the size of the state capital budget to be \$530,000,000 in 2004 and \$87,000,000 in 2005. The Governor's recommendation for debt service savings as contained herein does not change the forecast size of capital budgets in 2004 and beyond.

Relationship to Base Budget

Not applicable.

Statutory Change: Not applicable.

FINANCE DEPT (NON-OPERATING)

Change Item: GENERAL FUND CONTINGENCY ACCOUNT

Fiscal Impact (\$000s)	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007
General Fund				•
Expenditures	\$5,000	0	0	0
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Other Fund				
Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Net Fiscal Impact	\$5,000	0	0	0

Recommendation

The Governor recommends a \$5,000,000 appropriation in FY 2004 to the General Fund contingency account.

Background

The General Fund contingency account has been entirely depleted. Required budget reductions will place continued pressure on agency budgets. As a result, the number of deficiencies is likely to increase as agencies' ability to absorb even relatively small unanticipated costs will be impaired.

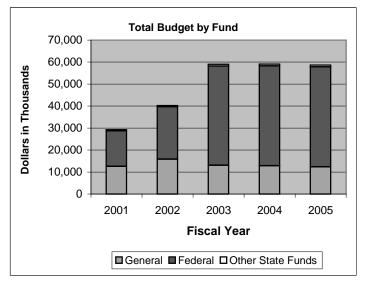
An appropriation to this contingency account will help prevent deficiency appropriations, thereby saving time and allowing for more orderly operations of government.

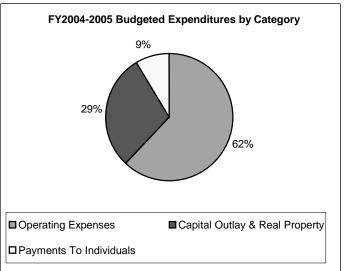
These funds will be appropriated to agencies as needed and in accordance with the Legislative Advisory Commission (LAC) rules (M.S. 3.30).

Relationship to Base Budget

In 2001, \$3 million a year in General Funds were appropriated to the General Contingent Fund. Laws 2002, Chapter 220 reduced those appropriations by \$2.638 million in FY 2002 and the full \$3 million in FY 2003, leaving no balance in this account.

Statutory Change: Not applicable.

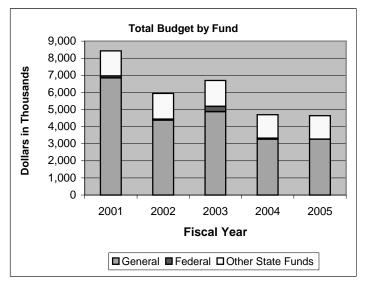


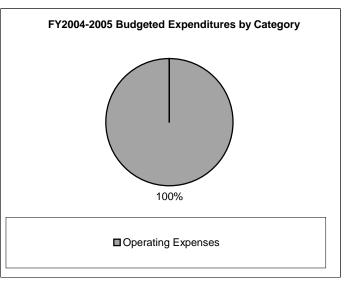


Dollars in Thousands						
	Actual	Actual	Preliminary	Govern	or's Rec	Biennium
Expenditures by Fund	FY2001	FY2002	FY2003	FY2004	FY2005	2004-05
Carry Forward						
General	0	0	0	489	0	489
Direct Appropriations						
General	11,636	11,912	12,778	12,279	12,279	24,558
Open Appropriations						
General	935	3,825	210	0	0	0
Statutory Appropriations						
General	52	117	105	120	125	245
Special Revenue	491	560	796	798	798	1,596
Federal	16,112	23,859	45,104	45,400	45,456	90,856
Total	29,226	40,273	58,993	59,086	58,658	117,744
Expenditures by Category						
Operating Expenses	26,658	35,977	35,907	36,079	36,145	72,224
Capital Outlay & Real Property	119	38	17,150	17,150	17,150	34,300
Payments To Individuals	2,065	3,518	5,366	5,292	4,798	10,090
Local Assistance	384	740	570	565	565	1,130
Total	29,226	40,273	58,993	59,086	58,658	117,744
Expenditures by Program						
Maint-Training Facilities	23,734	30,257	50,752	51,252	51,313	102,565
General Support	2,349	2,464	2,506	2,413	2,413	4,826
Enlistment Incentives	2,129	3,578	5,524	5,346	4,857	10,203
Emergency Services	1,014	3,974	211	75	75	150
Total	29,226	40,273	58,993	59,086	58,658	117,744

FY 2004-05 Expenditures (\$000s)

	General Fund	Other Funds	Total
2003 Funding Level	8,856	2,814	11,670
Adjusted Base Funding	8,856	2,814	11,670
Change Items			
Budget Reduction	-2,328	0	-2,328
Governor's Recommendations	6,528	2,814	9,342
Biennial Change, 2002-03 to 2004-05	-2,731	-570	-3,301
Percent Change	-29%	-17%	-26%





Dollars in Thousands						
	Actual	Actual	Preliminary	Govern	or's Rec	Biennium
Expenditures by Fund	FY2001	FY2002	FY2003	FY2004	FY2005	2004-05
Direct Appropriations						
Environment & Natural Resource	108	240	0	0	0	0
General	6,846	4,382	4,877	3,264	3,264	6,528
Minnesota Resources	70	0	0	0	0	0
Environmental	0	75	0	0	0	0
Statutory Appropriations						
Special Revenue	1,298	1,197	1,517	1,378	1,381	2,759
Federal	110	49	306	55	0	55
Total	8,432	5,943	6,700	4,697	4,645	9,342
Expenditures by Category						
Operating Expenses	7,995	5,943	6,700	4,697	4,645	9,342
Local Assistance	437	0	0	0	0	0
Total	8,432	5,943	6,700	4,697	4,645	9,342
Expenditures by Program Strategic & Long Range Plan Total	8,432 8,432	5,943 5,943	6,700 6,700	4,697 4,697	4,645 4,645	9,342 9,342
Revenue by Type and Fund						
Non Dedicated						
General	0	54	60	60	60	120
Cambridge Deposit Fund	49	0	0	0	0	0
Subtotal Non Dedicated	49	54	60	60	60	120
Dedicated						
Special Revenue	1,302	1,147	930	1,378	1,381	2,759
Federal	96	11	250	55	0	55
Subtotal Dedicated	1,398	1,158	1,180	1,433	1,381	2,814
Total Revenue	1,447	1,212	1,240	1,493	1,441	2,934
Full-Time Equivalents (FTE)	77.4	75.3	70.5	58.0	58.0	
State of Minnesota	I	Revised Page 49)		2004-05	Biennial Budget

PLANNING, STRATEGIC & LR

Change Item: BUDGET REDUCTION

Fiscal Impact (\$000s)	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007
General Fund				
Expenditures	(\$1,164)	(\$1,164)	(\$1,164)	(\$1,164)
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Other Fund				
Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Net Fiscal Impact	(\$1,164)	(\$1,164)	(\$1,164)	(\$1,164)

Recommendation

The Governor recommends a General Fund appropriation of \$3.264 million for each year of the FY 2004-05 biennium, a \$1.164 million (26%) annual reduction from the FY 04-05 base. In the next couple of weeks, the Governor will also announce a proposal to reorganize the department, moving some activities to other entities and eliminating others.

Background

Generally, this recommendation continues the FY 2002-03 reductions into the FY 2004-05 biennium. To address General Fund reductions of \$560,000 in FY 2002, 11 positions were eliminated, office space was consolidated, and travel, supplies, and technology purchases were limited. In FY 2003, an additional 8% reduction of \$338,000 meant the further elimination of 8.5 positions. The Minnesota Planning workforce was reduced from 75.5 FTE in July 2001 to 56 FTE in January 2003. Of these 13.5 are supported by departmental earnings, 42.5 by the General Fund.

NOTE: The Governor's recommended supplemental budget includes an additional \$500,000 reduction per year incorporated in the amounts and percentages above. The impact of these additional funds would be the further elimination of 6.5 FTEs and additional consolidation of office space.

The Office contains the following programs:

- ⇒ The *Criminal Justice Statistics Center* tracks crime, including juvenile offenses, and researches the state's justice system.
- ⇒ The *Critical Issues Research* Team provides analysis and reports, which equip policy-makers and all Minnesotans to respond effectively to key challenges facing the state.
- ⇒ The State Demographic Center, Minnesota's liaison with the U.S. Census Bureau, estimates, forecasts, and investigates changes in the state's population.
- ⇒ The *Environmental Quality Board* develops policy and reviews proposed projects that could significantly affect the environment.
- ⇒ The Land Management Information Center offers data, consultation, and coordination services that promote the effective use of geographic information and technology.
- ⇒ The *Local Planning Assistance Center* offers a variety of technical services and information and coordinates state agency assistance for local governments.
- ⇒ The *Municipal Boundary Adjustments* team reviews and adjudicates municipal boundary changes in response to requests from cities, townships, and property owners.

Relationship to Base Budget

The recommended reduction is a 26 percent reduction from the FY 04-05 base.

Key Measures

Staff reduction decisions were made to preserve core activities as much as possible, while reducing administrative overhead. Anticipated consequences of the reductions include: a significant slowdown in service delivery, a potential inability to fully address core activities, and an inability to meet timelines.

Also, see <u>www.departmentresults.state.mn.us</u> for target indicators.

Statutory Change: Not applicable

VETERANS AFFAIRS DEPT

Change Item: REDUCTION TO OPERATIONS AND GRANTS

Fiscal Impact (\$000s)	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007
General Fund Expenditures Revenues	(\$634) 0	(\$438) 0	(\$438) 0	(\$438) 0
Other Fund Expenditures Revenues	0	0	0	0
Net Fiscal Impact	0	0	0	0

Recommendation

The Governor recommends a General Fund appropriation of \$4.061 million each year of the FY 2004-05 biennium for Department of Veterans Affairs (DVA), which reflects an ongoing reduction of \$438,000 annually and one-time reductions of \$196,000. The recommended budget, along with creative cost savings restructuring and changes to service delivery, will enable the department to continue to carry out its mission and long range strategic plan priorities.

Background

To aid the department in making budget decisions, the agency held both formal and informal focus groups throughout the past year with County Veterans Service Officers, department staff, and Congressionally Chartered Veterans Service Organizations. The agency also discussed necessary reductions with our contract partners. In all of the discussions and group meetings, the same line of reasoning was applied; prioritize the services the department provides and attempt to identify reductions to program areas that would negatively affect the least number of veterans. It was both helpful and encouraging to find that all the groups with whom the agency met prioritized and identified the same program areas that the department identified for the proposed cuts.

Because the majority of the budget is dedicated towards programs and services and staffing numbers are minimal, the agency sought to distribute reductions as evenly across its functions as possible while maintaining the integrity of programs and meeting its mandated mission. Programs of the greatest critical nature were preserved, and those less critical would be reduced or discontinued.

Recommended reductions include the following programs:

- ⇒ County Veterans Service Officers (CVSO) Operational Improvement Grants and Education The recommendation seeks to enable every CVSO office to maintain and build upon the strong base it has developed under this program over past years while reducing the monetary amount of the grant and the frequency with which it is awarded. All 87 CVSOs would continue to receive the grants at 70% of the current levels every three years, rather than every two years. The recommendation would also eliminate one training position used for the continued training and education of the CVSOs. These duties would be divided between remaining staff of the DVA. The recommended \$285,000 reduction represents 60% of the expenditures for this program.
- ⇒ Optical Benefits The optical program currently provides up to \$154 for individual veterans and their family members each year towards the purchase of an eye examination, frames, and lenses. The recommended \$11,000 reduction represents 6.5% of the expenditures for this program, a savings that would be achieved by restructuring the benefit to allow eligible applicants to receive the benefits every other year, rather than annually. Seventy-two individuals who received the annual services would continue to receive them biennially.
- ⇒ MN Standown Veterans Affairs contributes approximately 75% of the operating budget dollars for this annual, three-day event. It is designed to address the problem of homelessness by partnering with other government and non-profit agencies to provide a gateway to VA and community services that includes assessment and screening, crisis services, counseling, referral and placement. The recommended \$30,000

VETERANS AFFAIRS DEPT

Change Item: REDUCTION TO OPERATIONS AND GRANTS

reduction represents 100% of the funding DVA provides, that would need to be replaced by the other contributing organizations.

- ⇒ Vinland Center Grant Employment programs provided by the Vinland Center are similar to other programs that are available through other state agencies and the United States Department of Veterans Affairs. Also, the price of \$7,400 per veteran for a three-week treatment at the Vinland Center for up to only 74 veterans per biennium is cost-prohibitive and does not outweigh the benefits of protecting funding that serves larger numbers of veterans and their families. The recommended reduction of \$550,000 for the biennium represents 100% of the funding DVA provides for this program.
- ⇒ <u>Veterans Gulf War Bonus</u> All but very few beneficiaries of this program have already filed and received their one-time bonuses. The department would continue to ensure that any remaining claims would be paid.
- ⇒ Park Rapid Veterans Memorial Administration The \$10,000 recommended reduction is a one-time appropriation that the agency no longer requires.

Relationship to Base Budget

The recommended funding represents a 10% ongoing reduction from the agency's forecast biennial budget for FY 2004-05. The remaining \$196,000 is a one-time reduction.

Statutory Change: Not applicable.

ATTORNEY GENERAL

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FY 2004-05 Expenditures (\$000s)

	General Fund	Other Funds	Total
2003 Funding Level	64,716	9,694	74,410
Forecast Caseload/Enrollment Changes	0	-549	-549
Legislatively Mandated Base	40	0	40
New Programs To Agency Base	22	0	22
Adjusted Base Funding	64,778	9,145	73,923
Change Items			
Operating Budget Reduction	-8,000	0	-8,000
PCA Funding Consolidation	0	0	0
Reduce Non Partner Agency Appropriation	0	0	0
Governor's Recommendations	56,778	9,145	65,923
Biennial Change, 2002-03 to 2004-05 Percent Change	-14,024 -20%	-5,026 -35%	-19,050 -22%

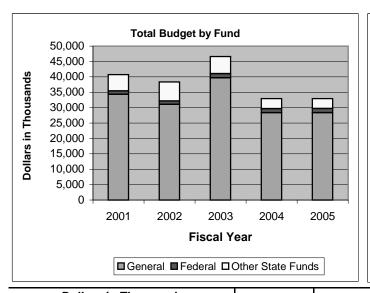
Brief Description of Budget Changes:

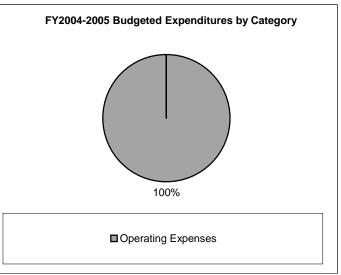
- ⇒ In addition to direct appropriations, the AGO receives funds from "partner" agencies for the cost of providing legal services.
- ⇒ Base adjustments include a base adjustment of \$22,000 for New Programs to Agency Base in the general fund to reflect the full annual costs associated with the felony-level driving while impaired penalty appropriation and a \$549,000 enrollment base decrease in the state government miscellaneous revenue fund to reflect a reduction in legal services needed by the various health related boards.

FY 2004-05 Revenues (\$000s)

	General Fund	Other Funds	Total		
FY 2004-05 Current Law Revenues	20,392	4,684	25,076		
Change Items Reduce Non-Partner Agency Appropriation	210	0	210		
FY 2004-05 Total Revenues	20,602	4,684	25,286		
Biennial Change 2002-03 to 2004-05 Percent Change	(948) (4%)	(390) (8%)	(1,338) (5%)		

ATTORNEY GENERAL Fiscal Report





Dollars in Thousands						
	Actual	Actual	Preliminary	Govern	or's Rec	Biennium
Expenditures by Fund	FY2001	FY2002	FY2003	FY2004	FY2005	2004-05
Direct Appropriations						_
General	27,275	25,006	33,269	22,559	22,559	45,118
State Government Special Revenue	2,229	2,363	2,813	1,612	1,591	3,203
Special Revenue	0	48	52	0	0	0
Environmental	61	52	235	145	145	290
Remediation	0	0	0	484	484	968
Solid Waste	281	165	796	0	0	0
Statutory Appropriations						
General	7,075	6,094	6,433	5,830	5,830	11,660
Petroleum Tank Release Cleanup	126	127	101	0	0	0
Special Revenue	250	257	701	277	277	554
Federal	1,083	1,087	1,373	1,294	1,336	2,630
Miscellaneous Agency	1,947	2,684	850	750	750	1,500
Housing Finance Agency	441	467	0	0	0	0
Total	40,768	38,350	46,623	32,951	32,972	65,923
Expenditures by Category						
Operating Expenses	40,768	38,350	46,623	36,068	36,030	72,098
Transfers	0	0	0	-3,117	-3,058	-6,175
Total	40,768	38,350	46,623	32,951	32,972	65,923
Expenditures by Program						
Attorney General	40,768	38,350	46,623	32,951	32,972	65,923
Total	40,768	38,350	46,623	32,951	32,972	65,923

ATTORNEY GENERAL

Change Item: PCA FUNDING CONSOLIDATION

Preliminary Proposal

Fiscal Impact (\$000s)	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007
Solid Waste Fund				
Expenditures	(484)	(484)	(484)	(484)
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Remediation Fund				
Expenditures	484	484	484	484
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Net Fiscal Impact	0	0	0	0

Recommendation

As a part of the Pollution Control Agency's (PCA) Environmental Funding Consolidation Change Item, the Governor recommends that \$484,000 in FY 2004 and \$484,000 in FY 2005 be appropriated to the Attorney General from the Remediation Fund, rather than the Solid Waste Fund.

Background

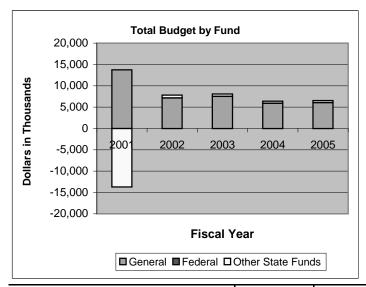
In an effort to improve the ability of the legislature and affected agencies to direct money to the highest environmental priorities, the Governor recommends environmental fund simplification. Specifically, PCA will restructure the Environmental Fund by creating a new Remediation Fund and abolishing the Solid Waste and Metropolitan Landfill Contingency Action Trust Funds. For more information on this change item, please see the PCA's budget.

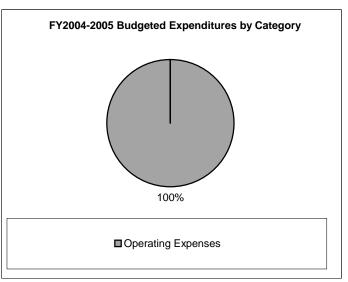
Relationship to Base Budget

This change item simply appropriates base level funding to the Attorney General from the Remediation Fund rather than the Solid Waste Fund. No change in the amount, use or oversight of these funds is proposed as a result of this change item.

Statutory Change: Not applicable.

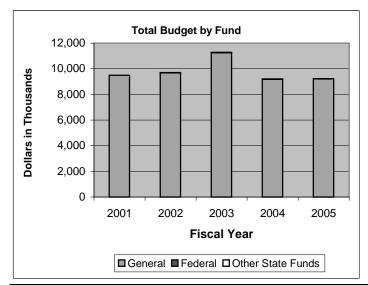
Fiscal Report

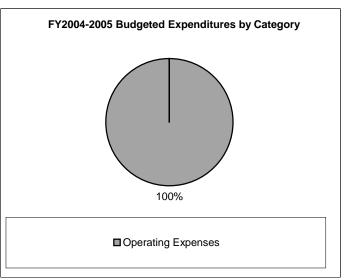




Dollars in Thousands						
	Actual	Actual	Preliminary	Govern	or's Rec	Biennium
Expenditures by Fund	FY2001	FY2002	FY2003	FY2004	FY2005	2004-05
Direct Appropriations	•		•			
General	13,742	7,158	7,518	5,912	6,032	11,944
Statutory Appropriations						
General	3	1	4	4	5	9
Special Revenue	457	649	549	475	495	970
Miscellaneous Agency	0	0	4	3	3	6
Total	14,202	7,808	8,075	6,394	6,535	12,929
Expenditures by Category						
Operating Expenses	14,064	7,806	8,075	6,394	6,535	12,929
Capital Outlay & Real Property	138	0	0	0	. 0	0
Other Financial Transactions	0	2	0	0	0	0
Total	14,202	7,808	8,075	6,394	6,535	12,929
Secretary Of State Total	14,202 14,202	7,808 7,808	8,075 8,075	6,394 6,394	6,535 6,535	12,929 12,929
	,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		
Revenue by Type and Fund						
Non Dedicated						
General	3	10,528	10,525	12,232	13,325	25,557
Cambridge Deposit Fund	11,149	0	0	0	0	0
Subtotal Non Dedicated	11,152	10,528	10,525	12,232	13,325	25,557
Dedicated						
General	2	1	4	4	5	9
Special Revenue	399	474	455	475	495	970
Miscellaneous Agency	0	0	3	3	3	6
Subtotal Dedicated	401	475	462	482	503	985
Total Revenue	11,553	11,003	10,987	12,714	13,828	26,542
Full-Time Equivalents (FTE)	85.9	94.4	89.5	89.5	89.5	
State of Minnesota	F	Revised Page 93	3		2004-05	Biennial Budget

STATE AUDITOR Fiscal Report





Dollars in Thousands						
	Actual	Actual	Preliminary	Govern	or's Rec	Biennium
Expenditures by Fund	FY2001	FY2002	FY2003	FY2004	FY2005	2004-05
Direct Appropriations						
General	8,750	8,893	10,410	8,306	8,306	16,612
Statutory Appropriations						
General	739	787	847	876	902	1,778
Special Revenue	6	22	22	23	21	44
Total	9,495	9,702	11,279	9,205	9,229	18,434
Expenditures by Category						
Operating Expenses	9,495	9,702	11,279	9,205	9,229	18,434
Total	9,495	9,702	11,279	9,205	9,229	18,434
Expenditures by Program						
State Auditor	9,495	9,702	11,279	9,205	9,229	18,434
Total	9,495	9,702	11,279	9,205	9,229	18,434
Revenue by Type and Fund						
Non Dedicated						
General	4	6,328	6,704	6,641	6,641	13,282
Cambridge Deposit Fund	6,469	0	0	0	0	0
Subtotal Non Dedicated	6,473	6,328	6,704	6,641	6,641	13,282
Dedicated						
Special Revenue	5	24	20	23	21	44
Subtotal Dedicated	5	24	20	23	21	44
Total Revenue	6,478	6,352	6,724	6,664	6,662	13,326
Full-Time Equivalents (FTE)	136.0	135.1	146.4	146.2	146.0	

Change Item: REDUCE HCAF APPROPRIATION

Fiscal Impact (\$000s)	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007
General Fund				
Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Other Fund				
Expenditures	(22)	(22)	(22)	(22)
Revenues	Ô	Ô	O O	0
Net Fiscal Impact	(22)	(22)	(22)	(22)

Recommendation

The Governor recommends an appropriation of \$128,000 in FY 2004 and \$128,000 in FY 2005 from the Health Care Access fund to the Legislature, a reduction of \$22,000 a year from current funding.

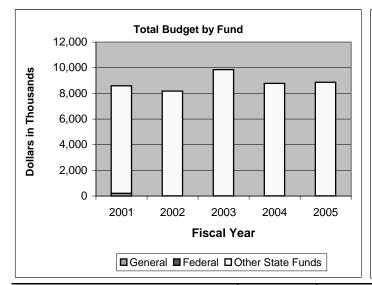
Background

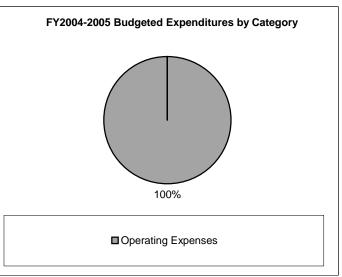
Administered by the Department of Human Services, the Health Care Access Fund (HCAF) funds MinnesotaCare and various other health-related activities. The fund has a projected operating deficit of \$89.5 million in FY 2003. In order to help address this deficiency, the Governor recommends that agencies receiving appropriations from the HCAF take a 15 percent reduction in funding. The Governor is also recommending consolidating the HCAF into the General Fund at the end of FY 2005. In FY 2006 and beyond, the appropriations for this activity will be made from the General Fund.

Relationship to Base Budget

This change is a 15 percent reduction from FY 2002-03.

Statutory Change: Not Applicable.





Dollars in Thousands						
	Actual	Actual	Preliminary	Govern	or's Rec	Biennium
Expenditures by Fund	FY2001	FY2002	FY2003	FY2004	FY2005	2004-05
Direct Appropriations						
General	194	0	0	0	0	0
Workers Compensation	7,063	7,086	8,309	7,186	7,249	14,435
Statutory Appropriations						
Administrative Hearings	1,336	1,096	1,535	1,593	1,611	3,204
Workers Comp Transcript	3	4	6	6	6	12
Total	8,596	8,186	9,850	8,785	8,866	17,651
Expenditures by Category						
Operating Expenses	8,596	8,180	9,850	8,785	8,866	17,651
Payments To Individuals	0	6	0	0	0	0
Total	8,596	8,186	9,850	8,785	8,866	17,651
Expenditures by Program						
Administrative Hearings	8,596	8,186	9,850	8,785	8,866	17,651
Total	8,596	8,186	9,850	8,785	8,866	17,651
	•	•	·	•	·	<u> </u>
Revenue by Type and Fund						
Dedicated						
Administrative Hearings	875	1,369	1,369	1,369	1,369	2,738
Workers Comp Transcript	8	8	6	6	6	12
Subtotal Dedicated	883	1,377	1,375	1,375	1,375	2,750
Total Revenue	883	1,377	1,375	1,375	1,375	2,750
Full-Time Equivalents (FTE)	92.5	87.0	90.3	88.5	88.5	

ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS

Change Item: BUDGET & RATE REDUCTIONS

Fiscal Impact (\$000s)	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007
General Fund				•
Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Other Fund				
Expenditures	(\$794)	(\$794)	(\$794)	(\$794)
Revenues	Ô	0	0	0
Net Fiscal Impact	(\$794)	(\$794)	(\$794)	(\$794)

Recommendation

The Governor recommends an appropriation of \$14.435 million in FY 2004-05 from the Workers' Compensation Special Revenue Fund. This is a 10% reduction. Also, the Governor recommends instituting fee rates for the Administrative Law Division that are 10% below the current rates. The Governor intends that the agency should focus its funding on maintaining its highest priority services. As a tool, the Office of Administrative Hearings (OAH) should collaborate with other state agencies on ways to achieve these reductions through consolidation, colocation, or sharing of support services. The Governor intends to provide as much flexibility as possible to the agency for the implementation of these reductions.

Background

OAH's Workers' Compensation Division adjudicates claim petitions for worker's compensation benefits and related matters that are filed by injured workers. The division's activities are funded entirely by a biennial appropriation from the Workers' Compensation Special Fund. In order to make a 10% reduction of the Workers' Compensation Division budget, as well as absorb anticipated rent and compensation increases for judges, OAH would propose to eliminate all funding for employee development and out-of-state travel and five compensation judge positions. It would also propose to close the Detroit Lakes Workers' Compensation Division office (which would require legislation).

The office's Administrative Law Division conducts hearings on state and local government agency rulemaking and regulatory action by the agencies under those rules against individuals and businesses. The division's activities are funded entirely by fees collected from the state agencies and local governments through hourly charges for administrative law judges and staff attorneys. The revenue and expenses for the division are funded through a special revenue revolving fund and dedicated to the agency by statute.

If rates for administrative hearings are reduced, the agency may have to reduce its costs per claim in order to handle claims more efficiently. These reductions might include eliminating funding for employee development and out-of-state travel, five support staff positions, three unfilled administrative law judge (ALJ) positions, one full-time temporary ALJ position, and reductions in the use of part-time, contract ALJs.

Relationship to Base Budget

The Workers' Compensation Division's special compensation fund base budget for FY 2004-05 is \$16.023 million. This change item would reduce that biennial appropriation by \$1.588 for those upcoming two years, a 10% reduction.

Net impact to the office's base budget for the Administrative Law Division is not known, because hearing activities may increase and related revenues could exceed the level of corresponding expenditure reductions.

Key Measures

Under current law, OAH must adjudicate all compensation claims filed with the office by injured workers. Over the last two years, those claims appear to have reached a plateau. If an increase in benefit claims occurs as a result of a depressed state of the economy, the elimination of six workers' compensation judge positions might result in some delays in adjudicating claims. However, several workers' compensation judge vacancies have already occurred in the last few years. Rather than fill those vacancies, the office has re-engineered its work processes and has largely forestalled any resultant delays in adjudicating claims. Further re-engineering is still possible. And it is therefore estimated that the loss of workers' compensation judge positions associated with these budget reductions may result in some delays in adjudicating claims, but that those delays will not be serious.

ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS

Change Item: | BUDGET & RATE REDUCTIONS

Alternatives Considered

The primary alternative to current practice would be legislation to alter Minnesota's workers' compensation system whereby the state court system would adjudicate all workers' compensation claims. Judicial resolution of these claims would involve a significantly greater cost to the state, and adding over 10,000 new matters into a court system would probably create greater delays than claimants would experience at OAH.

Similarly, because administrative hearings are legally and constitutionally required, legislation to have them conducted in the state court system would significantly increase costs to the state and could raise separation of powers issues.

And finally, because a number of current statutes require equal treatment of ALJ and workers compensation judges with those in the state judicial system, another alternative that might be considered would be to require ALJ and workers compensation judges to retire at the age of 70 as is required of other judges in the state judiciary. A mandatory retirement age might assist in reducing costs to the office.

Statutory Change:

Rider language will be required to eliminate the Workers' Compensation Division's Detroit Lakes Office.

FY 2004-05 Expenditures (\$000s)

	General Fund	Other Funds	Total
2003 Funding Level	9,830	0	9,830
Biennial Appropriations	-1,500	0	-1,500
Legislatively Mandated Base	0	0	0
Open Appr. Forecast Adj.	-3,096	0	-3,096
Transfers Between Agencies	30	0	30
Adjusted Base Funding	5,264	0	5,264
Change Items			
Eliminate State Contrib To Tax Check-off	-1,200	0	-1,200
Fee Recovery Proposal	-26	0	-26
Governor's Recommendations	4,038	0	4,038
Biennial Change, 2002-03 to 2004-05	2,662	-5,465	-2,803
Percent Change	193%	-100%	-41%

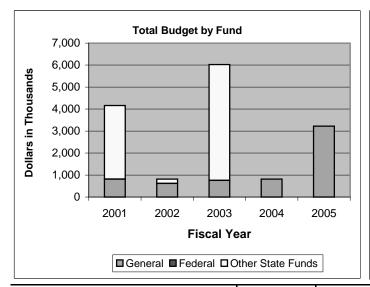
Brief Explanation Of Budget Decisions:

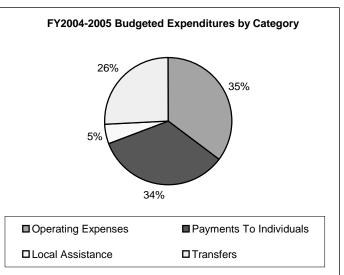
The FY 2004-05 appropriation level includes a \$30,000 biennial transfer and ongoing increase from the Office of Technology associated with Small Agency Infrastructure (SAI) project funding in the prior biennium.

The base budget is reduced by \$1.5 million, because the general public subsidy is appropriated every other year by statute as related to the election cycle. Similarly, tax check-off contributions and expenses are paid out on a cyclical basis related to the election cycle, which results in another adjustment down of \$3.096 million to the forecasted open appropriation for these funds.

FY 2004-05 Revenues (\$000s)

	General Fund	Other Funds	Total
FY 2004-05 Current Law Revenues	94	1	95
Change Items Fee Recovery Proposal	1,335	0	1,335
FY 2004-05 Total Revenues	1,429	1	1,430
Biennial Change 2002-03 to 2004-05 Percent Change	1,367 2010%	(6) (600%)	1,276 1806%





Dollars in Thousands						
	Actual	Actual	Preliminary	Govern	or's Rec	Biennium
Expenditures by Fund	FY2001	FY2002	FY2003	FY2004	FY2005	2004-05
Direct Appropriations						
General	815	620	756	712	712	1,424
Open Appropriations						
General	0	0	0	100	2,514	2,614
Special Revenue	3,344	100	5,240	0	0	0
Statutory Appropriations						
Special Revenue	0	98	27	0	0	0
Total	4,159	818	6,023	812	3,226	4,038
Expenditures by Category						
Operating Expenses	815	648	783	712	712	1,424
Payments To Individuals	3,228	70	4,571	0	1,364	1,364
Local Assistance	116	100	669	100	110	210
Transfers	0	0	0	0	1,040	1,040
Total	4,159	818	6,023	812	3,226	4,038
Former difference has Browners						
Expenditures by Program Campaign Finance & Public Disc	4,159	818	6,023	812	3,226	4,038
Total	4,159	818	6,023	812		4,038
December Towns and Freed						
Revenue by Type and Fund Non Dedicated						
General	100	21	47	742	687	1,429
Subtotal Non Dedicated	100	21	47	742	687	1,429
Dedicated						
Special Revenue	0	3	4	1	0	1_
Subtotal Dedicated	0	3	4	1	0	1
Total Revenue	100	24	51	743	687	1,430
Full-Time Equivalents (FTE)	8.0	7.9	9.2	9.2	9.2	

Change Item: ELIMINATE STATE CONTRIBUTION TO TAX CHECK-OFF

Preliminary Proposal

Fiscal Impact (\$000s)	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007
General Fund				
Expenditures	(100)	(1,100)	(100)	(1,100)
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Other Fund				
Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Net Fiscal Impact	(100)	(1,100)	(100)	(1,100)

Recommendation

The Governor recommends eliminating the state's contribution associated with tax check-off campaign contributions under Minnesota Statutes Chapter 10A.31 and raising the limit for contributions from \$5 per person (\$10 for couples filing jointly) to \$25 per person (\$50 for couples filing jointly). Because the "no cost to tax filer" provision has acted as an incentive to contribute, it is assumed that if it were eliminated, contributions to campaigns through state tax forms would decrease by 50 percent. Therefore, the cumulative sum of payments in check-off subsidies to candidates and party units would likewise decline by half, which would result in reducing those subsidies by \$100,000 in FY2004 and \$1.1 million in FY2005.

This change item reflects only the reduced expenditure portion of the recommendation. The associated changes in revenue are discussed under the Department of Revenue budget recommendations.

Background

Current law allows taxpayers to designate that \$5 of their taxes be paid from the general fund into a political party or general fund account for subsidizing state election campaigns in Minnesota for candidates and parties who comply with specific campaign finance laws including spending limit agreements. The Governor recommends continuing to allow taxpayers to contribute to public campaign accounts on state tax returns at a higher maximum rate of \$25, but the contributions would be at the cost of the filers.

In addition, the Governor recommends maintaining the statutory appropriation of \$1.5 million to the state elections campaign fund for each general election. These funds would continue to be distributed to candidates who comply with statutory rules for disclosure and spending limits.

Also, note that the Governor is recommending continuation of the Political Contributions Refund Program at a reduced rate of refund (See "Modify Refund Program" under Department of Revenue).

Relationship to Base Budget

Current base estimates for tax check off subsidies are \$200,000 in FY2004 and \$2.2 million in FY2005.

The board would not experience any reduction in workload associated with the proposal, because it is assumed that the number of checks as well as the distribution of rules and funds would continue. Therefore, there would be no decrease in operating expenditures.

Key Measures

It is possible that fewer candidates would request public campaign subsidies if the funding is reduced. Therefore, it is possible that compliance with public disclosure and the percentage of candidates who choose to agree to the spending limits in order to receive the subsidies would decline as well.

Alternatives Considered

Another consideration would be to eliminate the campaign contribution check-off option on state tax forms and repeal the statutory appropriation of \$1.5 million to the state elections campaign fund for each general election. Under such a scenario, there would be some minor reductions in operating costs for the board. However, such

Change Item: ELIMINATE STATE CONTRIBUTION TO TAX CHECK-OFF

an action would entirely abolish the public campaign subsidy program, which the Governor believes is valuable and should be continued.

Statutory Change: M.S. Chapter 10A.31

Change Item: FEE RECOVERY PROPOSAL

Fiscal Impact (\$000s)	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007
General Fund			•	
Expenditures	\$30	(\$56)	\$30	(\$56)
Revenues	695	640	695	640
Other Fund				
Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Net Fiscal Impact	(\$665)	(\$696)	(\$665)	(\$696)

Recommendation

The Governor recommends a General Fund direct appropriation of \$1.424 million for the FY 2004-05 biennium. Also, the Governor recommends establishing fees for those who file and register with the board as well as an increase to the administration set aside from political campaign tax check-off revenues in order to fully offset the operating costs for the agency.

Background

The Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board administers registration and public disclosure of expenditures, contributions, and investments of and to state candidates and public officials. The board also distributes public subsidies to state candidates for their election campaigns. Except for smaller incidental penalties and late fees, the agency does not currently charge any fees to the individuals and organizations that file and register with the board. Because the Governor is concerned about the magnitude of the state's budget shortfall, he hopes to ensure that some of the parties who benefit by the work of the board, assist in paying for it.

In many states that have ethics laws and boards similar to Minnesota, the administering agencies charge fees to recover their operating costs. For example, all states except three in the U.S. require lobbyists to register. Of the 47 states that register lobbyists, 37 charge registration fees. Of the 37 that charge fees, over one-third of them charge a fee of \$100 or more. Wisconsin has a fee of \$100 annually for political committees and party units if they spend more than \$2,500 per year. Louisiana also has a \$100 annual fee for political committees. Kansas has a progressive annual fee structure for political committees, based upon how much they raise, from \$20 for less than \$500 raised to \$240 for over \$2,500 raised. Also, Kansas charges candidates a fee in addition to its election filling fee.

The Governor proposes setting the following fee structure to generate the following estimated revenues:

	Approx. Number	Fee	Frequency	Total Estimated Revenue Per Bien.
Lobbyists	1,300	\$225	Biennial	\$292,500
Associations represented by lobbyists	1,200	\$225	Biennial	\$270,000
Candidates:	0.5	# 4.000	Here Cree	047.500
Statewide Offices	35	\$1,000	Upon filing	\$17,500
Senate	150	\$500	Upon filing	\$37,500
House of Representatives	300	\$350	Upon filing	\$105,000
Judicial	25	\$250	Upon filing	\$6,250
Political Committees/Funds	350	2% of expenditures	Biennial	\$180,000
Political Party Units (See NOTE below)	350	1.5% of expenditures	Biennial	\$270,000
Public Officials	1,300	\$60	Annual	\$156,000
	.,300	430	7	‡ . 30,000
Total Fee Revenue				\$1,334,750

Change Item: FEE RECOVERY PROPOSAL

Fees charged to appointed public officials who are required to register with the board would be billed to the sponsoring agency or institution.

Additionally, current law provides that 3 percent of the tax check-off proceeds are transferred to the General Fund for administrative costs prior to distributing the funds to campaign recipients. The Governor proposes to increase the percentage to 10 percent, which would provide an additional estimated \$86,000 (*See NOTE below*) during the biennium to offset the board's costs. Therefore, the total cost and revenue offset is estimated to be approximately \$1.42 million for the FY 2004-05 biennium.

The legislature would continue to directly appropriate the agency's budget from the General Fund, and all fee revenues would be deposited as non-dedicated General Fund proceeds. The board would report costs and revenues under the departmental earnings requirements, whereby fee rates would be adjusted to appropriately cover costs through the legislative process.

NOTE: It is assumed that implementation of the supplementary budget change item for the board (See "Eliminate State Contribution to Tax Check-Off") would result in a 50 percent reduction in contributions to public campaign subsidies. Therefore, there would be a 50 percent reduction in the percentage of the proceeds that are transferred to the General Fund for administrative costs. The Governor recommends amending his initial recommendation by increasing the fees to political party units from 1 percent of expenditures to 1.5 percent of expenditures in order to offset the decline in administrative revenue due to the new proposal.

Relationship to Base Budget

The Governor recommends an additional \$60,000 for the FY 2004-05 biennium above the agency's biennial base budget to accommodate costs related to the new administrative requirements and increased workload of collecting fees from the many registrants.

Alternatives Considered

Other fee structures were considered for charging the same registrants. Candidates could be charged a flat rate regardless of the office for which he/she is running. Fees to political committees and party units could be tiered in ranges of expenditures, or the fees to political committees and party units could be based upon the level of funding raised by those groups instead of the amount spent by those groups.

Other considerations were to charge additional fees to filers who manually file their forms rather than using the software provided at no cost by the board. The board could also charge a fee to individuals who file grievances, because such filings generate expensive investigations. The latter consideration was dismissed, because it was deemed to inappropriately discourage such filings.

Statutory Change: M.S. Chapter 10A

MINN STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

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State of Minnesota

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FY 2004-05 Expenditures (\$000s)

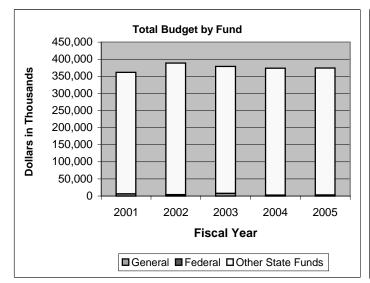
	General Fund	Other Funds	Total
2003 Funding Level	15,212	742,844	758,056
February Forecast Adjustment	312	0	312
Forecast Caseload/Enrollment Changes	-4,629	0	-4,629
Adjusted Base Funding	10,895	742,844	753,739
Change Items			
Pension Uniformity: Leg & Const Officers	-5,650	0	-5,650
Governor's Recommendations	5,245	742,844	748,089
Biennial Change, 2002-03 to 2004-05 Percent Change	-5,791 -52%	-13,873 -2%	-19,664 -3%

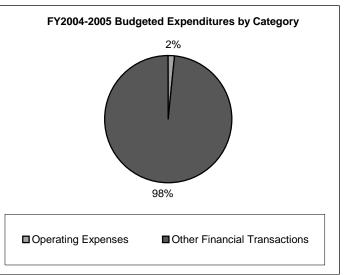
Brief Explanation of Budget Decisions

The Minnesota State Retirement System (MSRS) is funded by its 104,000 members and 31 governmental employers. There are no state General Fund appropriations for the operations and administration of this activity, which are funded by the retirement funds. Base funding has been adjusted to reflect new assumptions and unique retirement patterns of legislators due to redistricting in 2002.

Governor's Recommendation

The Governor recommends a savings of \$2.85 million in FY 2004 and \$2.8 million in FY 2005 by standardizing the method by which pension obligations are paid for legislators and constitutional officers elected prior to July 1, 1997.





Dollars in Thousands						
	Actual	Actual	Preliminary	Govern	or's Rec	Biennium
Expenditures by Fund	FY2001	FY2002	FY2003	FY2004	FY2005	2004-05
Open Appropriations						
General	5,984	3,560	7,476	2,518	2,727	5,245
Correctional Employees Retire	15,822	17,996	18,373	18,373	18,373	36,746
State Employees Retirement	284,752	310,061	317,142	317,202	317,202	634,404
Highway Patrol Retirement	30,042	33,195	11,098	11,098	11,098	22,196
Unclassified Employees Retire	8,409	5,831	6,188	6,188	6,188	12,376
Postretirement Health Care Ben	0	390	450	450	450	900
Judicial Retirement	12,291	13,247	13,562	13,562	13,562	27,124
Statutory Appropriations						
Legislative Annuities	4,268	4,635	4,549	4,549	4,549	9,098
Total	361,568	388,915	378,838	373,940	374,149	748,089
						_
Expenditures by Category						
Operating Expenses	4,705	5,716	5,740	5,800	5,800	11,600
Other Financial Transactions	356,863	383,199	373,098	368,140	368,349	736,489
Total	361,568	388,915	378,838	373,940	374,149	748,089
Evnenditures by Dressen						
Expenditures by Program	220.025	207.002	252.004	252.004	252.004	705 700
Mn State Retirement System	339,025	367,083	352,801	352,861	352,861	705,722
Elective Officers Plan	332	354	246	368	427	795
Judges Plan	12,291	13,247	13,562	13,562	13,562	27,124
Legislators Plan	9,920	7,841	11,779	6,699	6,849	13,548
Health Care Savings Fund	0	390	450	450	450	900
Total	361,568	388,915	378,838	373,940	374,149	748,089

MINN STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Change Item: PENSION UNIFORMITY: LEG & CONST OFFICERS

Preliminary Proposal

Fiscal Impact (\$000s)	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007
General Fund				
Expenditures	(2,850)	(2,800)	(2,800)	(2,700)
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Other Fund				
Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Net Fiscal Impact	(2,850)	(2,800)	(2,800)	(2,700)

Recommendation

The Governor recommends a savings of \$2.85 million in FY 2004 and \$2.8 million in FY 2005 by standardizing the method by which pension obligations are paid for legislators and constitutional officers elected prior to July 1, 1997. This recommendation would provide pension payments to pre-1997 legislators on a pay-as-you-go basis, as is the current procedure for pre-1997 constitutional officers. This recommendation would not change contribution levels for active members and would not affect benefit levels for retirees.

Background

The state currently uses different methods for funding pension obligations of state legislators and constitutional officers. For legislators first elected prior to July 1, 1997, the actuarial accrued liability of all future pension obligations for each legislator is paid at the time of that member's retirement as a one-time lump sum contribution from the state General Fund to the post-retirement fund. Estimates of the cost of this plan are updated in each state economic forecast. Funding is appropriated in the state government omnibus appropriation bill.

By contrast, an actuarial accrued liability that represents future pension obligations for each pre-1997 constitutional officer is not calculated or paid at the time of that member's retirement. Instead, pension costs in that plan are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis each year. The governor's recommendation would expand the approach currently used in the pre-1997 constitutional officers plan by providing funding in the same manner for pre-1997 legislators. This would reduce costs by \$5.65 million in FY 2004-05 and \$5.5 million in FY 2006-07.

Contribution levels for all members would not be affected by this proposal and benefit levels for all current and future retirees would not be changed. (Legislators and constitutional officers first elected after July 1, 1997 are included in the unclassified plan of the Minnesota State Retirement System, a defined contribution plan, and would also not be affected by this recommendation).

Relationship to Base Budget

Based on the February 2003 forecast, the state cost for the pre-1997 legislators retirement plan is \$5 million in FY 2004 and \$5.1 million in FY 2005. The state cost for the pre-1997 constitutional officers retirement plan is \$368,000 in FY 2004 and \$427,000 in FY 2005. Total actuarial assets in MSRS retirement plans were estimated to be in excess of \$8.8 billion on July 1, 2002.

Alternatives Considered

Budget proposals in the pension area were screened to eliminate any negative impact on benefit levels for current retirees and to avoid increased contribution levels for active members in the state retirement plans.

One possible alternative to this recommendation was considered. Rather than providing state payments to pre-1997 legislators and constitutional officers on a pay-as-you-go basis, one or both retirement plans could be merged with the MSRS general employees retirement plan, or annual payments could be redirected from the General Fund to the general employees plan. This would require an amendment to M.S., Chapter 354A. Savings under this approach would equal \$10.1 million in FY 2004-05. The general employees plan had an actuarial accrued liability of 104.53% on 7/1/02. Plans are generally considered to have excess accrued liability when the funding ratio exceeds 100%.

Statutory Change: M.S., Chapter 3A.11.